



SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 13, 1894.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13, 1894.

At Mohemenco, Powhatan county, Va., I. T. Stegar was appointed postmaster to-day, vice R. J. Hobson removed.

Mr. Edgar Allen of Richmond, one of the assistant U. S. attorneys general, left here for Texas this morning to take testimony in a boundary case there. He nor any body else expects that he will be removed until October, if then.

Should the South refuse to confirm Mr. Hornblower for Associate Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, it would not do any thing new. During Grant's administration the Senate refused to confirm both Williams and Cushing for Chief Justice, and rejected Hoar for Associate Justice.

The commission of John W. Jacobus to be United States marshal for the southern district of New York, until the President shall appoint his successor, was today signed by Justice Gray, who since the death of Justice Blatchford has been assigned to the second circuit.

A northern soldier who fought, and who attended the last Confederate memorial celebration at Warrenton, has sent medallion likenesses of General Stonewall Jackson, to General Hunt, Colonel Edmund Berkeley and Mr. J. Owen Berry, the latter the chief of the Confederate post there.

The Confederate Veterans' Association, of this city, will celebrate General Lee's birthday by holding a meeting on the night of the 19th, at which addresses will be made by Rev. Dr. McKim, Assistant Attorney General Conrad and Congressman Tucker.

General Gordon's lecture will be delivered in Convention Hall, corner of 5th and K streets, which has a seating capacity of 6,000. General Schofield, of the U. S. A., will preside. The administration will be represented by Secretary of the State Graham and Secretary of the Navy Herbert.

The Chilean claims commission will expire by limitation next April. The pay of Mr. Goode of Virginia, a member of it, will be \$416 a month for eight months.

Among the speakers on the tariff bill in the House to-day was Mr. Turner of Georgia, who proved by the decisions of the supreme courts of northern States and of the United States Supreme Court that taxation for protection was a tariff, and that if the protective tariff shall be continued, the American flag should be hauled down, and in its place the pirates' flag be run up, the flag of the raw skull and bloody bones.

Judge Bradley, of Circuit Court No. 1, handed down a decision this morning on the application of Judge Long, of Michigan, for a mandamus to restrain the Commissioner of Pensions from carrying into effect his order suspending the payment of the applicant's pension. The judge decides in favor of the applicant on the ground that one commissioner has no right under the law to reopen a pension case that has been legally adjudicated by his predecessor, except in cases where fraud is charged.

The decision in the race track case has been postponed until next week. It is reported that Mr. Palmer, the public printer, has recently renewed his official bond. This looks like he doesn't expect to be removed.

Messrs. Frank Carter, John Alexander, Howard Rector and E. C. Brown, and Congressmen Tucker and Meredith of Virginia, were at the Postoffice Department to-day, trying to decide upon the man for postmaster at Middletown.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mrs. Massie Osburn died at the residence of Mr. James Nichols near Snicker'sville, on Tuesday last, in about the 80th year of her age.

The only case heard in the Court of Appeals yesterday was that of McKinney against Daniel, which was further argued and continued.

Mr. J. R. Stonebraker, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Stonebraker, died yesterday of consumption, at his home in Fredericksburg, aged 22 years.

Mr. Wm. D. Gibson, one of the oldest tobacco merchants of Richmond, and brother of the late Rev. Dr. Churchill Gibson, of Petersburg, died yesterday evening after a two weeks' illness, aged 80 years.

Mr. Jefferson M. Levy, of Charlottesville, has withdrawn from the congressional caucus in the seventh district of Virginia, and requests his friends to support Capt. Micajah Woods, of Charlottesville.

The Mount View Hunt Club has been organized in King George county. This club has rented the hunting privileges of about five thousand acres of land, which has been posted against trespassers, and efforts will be made to protect the game of the country from pothunters.

The following pension fraud cases were disposed of in the U. S. court in Norfolk yesterday: John Sunkett, colored, guilty, two years in the United States prison, Kings county, N. Y.; David Anderson, not guilty; W. R. Drew, two cases, nolle prosequi entered; Dr. R. C. Perkins, perjury, case pending.

Hawaii.

On seemingly good authority it is announced that President Cleveland in communicating to Congress the substance of the recent correspondence between the State Department and Minister Willis will advocate strongly the restoration of the Queen. It is understood that no recent events have changed at all the President's well-known opinion concerning the conspiracy which resulted in the Hawaiian revolution and into which the United States government was drawn by the participation of ex-Minister Stevens. The President, it is understood, will insist that nothing but the complete restoration of the Queen to all her sovereign rights will satisfy the ends of justice. He will not, it is believed, ask Congress to use force in carrying out the course he thinks should be pursued; but having pointed out what appears to be the duty of the people of the United States with regard to a weaker country wronged through the intervention of a United States minister and a force of United States marines, he will leave it to the discretion of the two houses, it is said, to determine what action is necessary.

Admiral Mello's flagship, the Aquidaban, is again in the bay before Rio. She ran the gantlet of the forts at the entrance to the harbor as safely as she did when leaving it some weeks ago. News has been received from the scene of the fighting in Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, that the rebels have captured San Juan Bautista without meeting any opposition.

LETTER FROM RICHMOND.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 12, 1894.

The oyster convention, the object of which was stated in this correspondence yesterday, met at noon to-day in the chamber of commerce. For half an hour before Judge Christian called the body together, there was a hundred or more gentlemen grouped about in different parts of the hall discussing the various merits of the toothsome bivalve. Conspicuous in the crowd was Hon. Marshall McDonald, U. S. commissioner of fish and fisheries, and his interesting and intelligent remarks about the system were listened to with the closest attention. Mayor Elyson made a beautiful address of welcome and made every one feel perfectly at home by his kindly words and thoughtful manner. He began his address by saying: "I never have a more pleasant duty assigned me than when I am accorded the privilege of assuring our visitors that we are glad to see them. I trust that no Virginia needs such an assurance, for I hope that all of the citizens of this Commonwealth feel at home in their capital city. To the distinguished gentlemen, who from beyond the borders of the State, have come to contribute of their experience and wisdom to our deliberations, I bid a special welcome and extend a cordial greeting."

"We have come to talk as business men in a business way, about a business matter. We have come to consider that which I believe, if wisely considered, will result in advantage to the interests of the individual and promote at the same time the welfare of the Commonwealth."

On motion of Major Jed. Hotchkiss the chair appointed the following committee on permanent organization: Major Hotchkiss, Major Mann Page, ex-Gov. McKim, R. Carter Scott, and Wm. Ellinger.

After a short retirement the committee reported as permanent organization Mayor J. Taylor Elyson, chairman, R. A. Dunlop, secretary, and the following vice-presidents: Ex-Governor McKim, J. R. Bayler, A. F. Withrow, R. H. A. Brown, R. S. Thomas and Judge Garnett.

The convention then adjourned until 4 o'clock.

At the afternoon session Governor O'Ferrall and ex-Governor McKim, and nearly all of the members of the General Assembly were present, and addresses were delivered by Capt. J. B. Bayler, of the U. S. coast survey, who for the past two years has been surveying and charting the Virginia oyster bottoms; ex-Lieutenant Winslow, of the U. S. navy, who performed a similar work for North Carolina; Mr. Henry C. Rowe, one of the largest and most successful planters of Long Island; Hon. Marshall McDonald, U. S. fish commissioner, and Professor Brooks, of Johns Hopkins University.

The main point impressed by all the speakers was that if the oyster was cultivated in Virginia it would become a source of immense revenue to the Commonwealth and profit to the planters. Some more interesting facts were given as to the peculiar adaptability of the Chesapeake Bay for oyster-planting and the possibilities of the industry. Professor Brooks stated that since 1835 the Chesapeake Bay had yielded 400,000 bushels of oysters simply from its natural crop, but with cultivation, its annual yield could be made that much more.

The address dealt largely with the feeding of the oyster. At the night session Mr. Orris Browne, of Cape Charles City, read a paper, and then there was a general discussion of the whole oyster question. The convention resolved to lay the information it had obtained before the General Assembly.

Much interest is felt in Richmond in the congressional fight now on in the Seventh district. The consensus of opinion here is that Hon. Basil B. Gordon will be the successful man. His great experience gives him an advantage, backed up by party service and a thorough acquaintance makes it almost certain that he will be the winner. He will be a worthy successor to Colonel O'Ferrall, and the mantle of that distinguished gentleman would find a suitable resting place upon the shoulders of the late State chairman.

The Richmond letter in the Petersburg *Index-Appel* to-day has the following: "Mr. William G. Owens, of Manchester, who for several years has been connected with the Richmond press and correspondent for several northern papers, has entered the race for the postmastership of his city. He is quite popular there and it is said will receive a strong backing for the place."

It begins to look as though Richmond would get the new court that it has been fighting for ever since the legislature has been in session. The new tribunal will be known as the Court of Law and Equity. The new court will relieve the circuit and chancery courts of some of their labors.

The House committee on courts of justice this morning decided unanimously that Richmond ought to have another court and will report the matter favorably, with the recommendation that it be referred to the finance committee for report as to whether the Commonwealth can afford to pay the expenses. There is difference of opinion as to whether the city or State shall pay the expenses.

Norfolk has a similar petition before the body and it is believed that the city by the will sea also a new court.

MAIN POSTPONED.—A grand international cocking-main between England and America was to have taken place in our village one day last week. The preliminaries had all been arranged and the two countries taken their respective stands amidst the breathless silence of the spectators, when all of a sudden the constable of the town made an unexpected appearance and arrested both America and England, who were taxed, respectively, \$250.—*Manassas Gazette*.

THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.—This popular and excellent daily paper reached its 95th year on the 1st of January. It gives the daily record of all the news of the day, worth knowing, and is bold and open spoken in its views on all public questions. May it for many years yet continue its usefulness.—*Leesburg Washingtonian*.

As a remedy for accidents common to every day life, such as cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, frost-bites and bites of poisonous insects, Salvation Oil has no equal in the market. It kills pain, going to the seat of the trouble, and causing an effectual cure. 25 cts.

A Cultivated Taste

would naturally lead a person possessing it to prefer the best things obtainable and guard against inferiorities. The Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is unequalled in quality. A trial will prove its desirability. sat

LEGISLATIVE.

In the Senate to-day bills were offered to encourage immigration into Virginia, and to promote sales of land within the Commonwealth to immigrants. The bill provides how ten or more persons owning land in any county may organize themselves into a society for the purpose of selling land, &c., relative to the entry of driving or riding of horses at places where premiums or stakes are competed for. This bill proposes to punish by fine and imprisonment any person who enters, rides or drives at a race for stakes or premiums any horse that is painted, stained or otherwise marked or disguised or that is a different horse from the one purporting to be entered; to amend the act regulating the practice of dentistry in Virginia.

The bill to prevent cruelty to animals came up yesterday, and after some discussion, the amendment, inserting the word "wilful" was defeated, and the bill, with an amendment providing that its provisions do not apply to the dehorning of cattle, was passed.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Stubbs and adopted:

"Whereas, it is required by the laws of Virginia that in assessing all the personal property for taxation there shall be given the number of boats or water craft under five tons burthen, and the aggregate value thereof, the number of all ships, barges, boats, or other water craft of five tons burthen and over, and the aggregate value thereof, with their tackle, rigging, and furniture, and all else that pertains to them, or any share or interest in such owned by any person in Virginia, though the said ships or any of them may not be at the time when the assessment was made in the waters of Virginia;"

"Whereas, by the report of the Auditor of Public Accounts for the year ending September 30, 1893, the full value of vessels, boats, etc., amounts to \$583,885;

"Now, therefore, be it resolved by the Senate, that a committee of three be appointed to examine into the question of listing vessels and boats for taxation, and to that end respectfully inquire of each custom house in Virginia the number of boats and vessels registered and owned by persons residing in Virginia, their tonnage and value; that the committee be authorized to send for persons and papers, so that this question can be brought properly before the Senate and additional legislation be had, if necessary, to have this particular personal property assessed as all other personal property is assessed for taxation."

The chair appointed as the committee Messrs. Stubbs, Washington and Little.

On motion of Mr. Saunders in the House to-day the further consideration of the bill requiring the railroad companies to furnish free passes to the members of the Legislature, was postponed until Tuesday.

At 1 o'clock a joint order, having for its object the election of a judge for the Circuit and a judge for the Corporation Courts of Lynchburg and Portsmouth was executed. Mr. Lee nominated Judge Gunter for re-election to the first named position. Mr. Harrison presented the name of Frank P. Christian for judge of the Corporation Court of Lynchburg, and Mr. Fentress that of A. S. Watts for the Portsmouth court. These gentlemen received all the votes cast. Mr. Christian succeeds Judge J. Singleton Diggs, who was withdrawn by his friends from the contest.

The House made the fertilizer bill the special and continuing order for next Thursday at 1 o'clock.

The committee on courts of justice reported favorably on the bill to repeal the act regulating trials by jury in cases where the Commonwealth is defendant. It was shown by statistics produced before the committee by Mr. McKee that the operation of the act of diminishing the use of coupons, as intended, had increased it. The bill, if passed, will save the cities of the Commonwealth annually a large sum.

The committee made an unfavorable report on the bill requiring that the fee, \$1, to commissioners of the revenue for the transfer of property be paid at the time the deed is filed with the clerks of the courts for record.

STANDISH'S FOLLY OUTDO.—Since Christmas the most select circles in Wissahickon society have had a choice bit of gossip to discuss, and it has finally reached beyond that pretty suburban romantic sequel to a request, like the one that overturned the social foundation of a certain Puritan town when sturdy Miles Standish trusted his wooing to his friend, young John Alden. Miles Standish of this story mourns the loss of the bride he came from the West to wed, while she is enjoying in Boston a honeymoon with the modern John Alden.

For some time past Mrs. Minnie Mitchell, a dashing and handsome young widow, has been making her home at 136 Sumac street with her uncle, Samuel Garrett. The gossips have it that she was engaged to be married to a wealthy young western business man, and had accumulated an extensive treasure, in preparing for the second plunge into the troubled sea of matrimony. The date of the marriage ceremony had been fixed for Dec. 25.

Attention to business prevented the young man, whose name is not yet divulged, reaching this city till Christmas evening, and in order that affairs might proceed smoothly on the morrow he had written to the lady's cousin, Francis H. Garrett, a lawyer, requesting him to fix all the necessary legal transactions and procure the license. Rumor, which is a feature of suburban civilization, says that Mr. Garrett, now a man of some 38 years, had been in love with Mrs. Mitchell before her first marriage. Thrown so much in each other's company, the old passion revived, and the request brought affairs to a climax, for Mr. Garrett had the license made out in his own name.

Christmas night the western lover arrived, and was well received by Mrs. Mitchell and the Garrett family, but early the next day the widow and her cousin, Mr. Garrett, flew to Philadelphia, were married by the Rev. Dr. B. L. Agnew, and left at noon on a wedding trip, from which they have not yet returned.

The discarded lover did not feel as badly as might be imagined, but an unmistakable air of disappointment surrounded him as he again boarded the train at Broad Street station to go back to his western home in solitude. The latest news from the young couple was that they were enjoying a honeymoon in Boston.—*Philadelphia Record*.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES. Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing. It is general debility. Try BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give you a good appetite.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Hawaiian Affair.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The whole correspondence in the Hawaiian case was presented to the House to-day. It is of immense proportions. There is really nothing new in it. It narrates how Mr. Willis proposed to the Queen to use his efforts to restore her to her throne if she would pardon the rebels, how she at first refused and then consented, and then how he mildly requested the usurpers to relinquish their plunder, and how they peremptorily refused and threw up defenses. It proves that Mr. Willis, by the lack of moral courage, and by dilly dallying and shilly shallying, has made a muddle of an affair which a more efficient man in his place would have settled within a week after his arrival at Honolulu. The correspondence shows that nothing of importance has been concealed from the public.

The final instructions sent to Minister Willis by the Mariposa, which sailed at 2 a. m. to-day are as follows:

"The President sincerely regrets that the provisional government refuses to acquiesce in the conclusion which his sense and right of duty and a due regard for national honor constrain him to reach and submit as a measure of justice to the people of the Hawaiian islands and their devoted sovereign. While it is true that the provisional government was created to exist only until the islands were annexed to the United States, that the Queen finally but reluctantly surrendered to an armed force of this government, illegally quartered in Honolulu, and representatives of the provisional government and representatives of the Hawaiian government by an abuse of the authority of the United States in plain violation of international law and required the President to disavow and condemn the act of our offending official, and within the limits of his constitutional power, to endeavor to restore the lawful authority. Your reports show that on further reflection the Queen gave her unqualified assent in writing to the conditions suggested, but that the provisional government refuses to acquiesce in the President's decision. The matter now being in the hands of Congress, the President will keep that body fully advised of the situation. You will until further notice consider that your special instructions upon this subject have been fully complied with."

Foreign News.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Great excitement has been caused at Islington, a northern suburb of London, by an explosion of what subsequently proved to be an infernal machine in the railway station there. The machine had been left in the station and had been placed among the goods waiting shipment. When the explosion occurred the goods were set on fire. The flames gained little headway, however, and were extinguished before much damage was done.

PALERMO, Jan. 13.—A decree has been passed in all the towns of Sicily prohibiting the importation of fire arms. The people are also forbidden to have fire arms in their possession. Signor Giuseppe de Felice-Guifrida, the socialist member who represents the second district of Cantania in the Chamber of Deputies and who is now under arrest here, will be tried by an ordinary court. The charge he will be compelled to answer is conspiring against the government.

The police who searched the bodies of the rioters who were recently killed found in the pockets of a number of the dead French gold money. This fact is held to be proof that the agitation in Sicily is due in a measure to French socialists.

Heavy Judgment.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Judgment for \$17,813,619, was filed to-day in the county clerk's office against the Richmond and West Point Terminal Railway and Warehouse Company in favor of Charles H. Coster, George Sherman and Anthony J. Thomas. The amount represents the principal of 5,453 six per cent. gold trust bonds and 10,596 five per cent. consolidated first mortgage collateral gold trust bonds, in the aggregate \$16,049,000, together with interest from September 1, 1892, amounting to \$1,820,264, on which there was paid on the company's account \$55,739.

In regard to the judgment it is said that it is a step in furtherance of the scheme of rehabilitation. The decree which the court will be asked to enter in ordering the sale of the Richmond and Danville Railroad under the consolidated mortgage will name the payments that will be made by the purchaser.

Congress.

There was no session of the Senate to-day.

In the House the debate on the tariff bill was resumed.

Mr. Henry Hains, of Webb City, Mo., writes: "I am firmly convinced that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best remedy in the world. My grand-daughter was seriously attacked with croup, but a few doses of the syrup entirely cured her." It never fails.

CHOICE NEW BUCKWHEAT and MAPLE SYRUP just received by J. C. MILBURN.

12 CANS of good Table Corn for \$1. H. C. WALLACE'S, 300 King street.

ELEGANT LINEN TABLE COVERS worth \$1.50, selling for \$1. at CHAPMAN'S, 424 King street.

ATMOSPHERIC MEAT and English Plum Pudding, just received by J. C. MILBURN.

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS, ruffled and plain fronts, at very low price at AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

LADIES' Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs, for 12½c at SLAYMAKERS.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Advices from Rio Janeiro are to the effect that yellow fever in that city is increasing.

At 9:30 o'clock this morning the overdue steamer City of Peking was sighted six miles from San Francisco.

The drought in the country north of San Antonio, Tex., continues and cattle and other live stock remaining in the stricken country are in a famishing condition, owing to the lack of water and grass.

The house of Thomas Johnson, an Indian, at Walpole Island, Ont., was destroyed by fire last night and three of his children were burned to a crisp and another fatally injured. The remainder of the family had a narrow escape.

The worst storm of wind and snow that has visited that section of the country for years raged all day yesterday at Halifax, N. S. The streets are almost impassable and traffic is almost suspended. The high wind drifted the snow badly. The storm also raged along the seaboard east and west of there.

A great religious uprising is feared in Lecheria, Mex., and already \$70,000 worth of property has been destroyed. An Indian found a leaf which had been so worm eaten as to resemble a reproduction of the Virgin of Guadalupe. A master ridiculed the Indian and snapped the leaf whereupon an uprising is feared.

A special from Tegucigalpa, Honduras, reports that President Vasquez made a flank attack on the Nicaraguans last night, killing twenty. Rifles and galling guns have been received from the United States. A Managua, Nicaragua, special says: Policarpo Bonilla's provisional government at Honduras has chosen General Ortiz, chief of the Nicaraguan army, to lead the allied forces against President Vasquez.

The Adams Express Company received at Louisville information at midnight last night that an attempt had been made to rob the express car of the Knoxville train on the Louisville and Nashville. While the train was at a standstill near Livingston yesterday morning at three o'clock a gang of men attacked the express car, but were repulsed by Messenger Jas. Jarvis, who fired several shots. It is not known whether any one was hit. The express car contained a large sum of money.

A circular was received in New York to-day at police headquarters from G. R. Tompkins, of Washington, D. C., offering \$500 reward for information as to the whereabouts of Mrs. Eliza Tompkins, who has been missing since October 10, with her four-year-old son. She has been traced to St. Louis and Chicago and was last heard of by letter from Baltimore on October 24.

In Pittsburg, Pa., this morning George Schmons, the south side murderer of his wife and two children, was sentenced to death by hanging. Schmons was not apparently affected by the sentence of the court.

The business centre of the town of Ipswick Mass., and three blocks and three dwellings, were burned early this morning, loss \$100,000. Assistance was sent from the neighboring towns.

DEATHS.—A telegram was received in this city to-day announcing the death in Fredericksburg last night of Mrs. Clark wife of Rev. Mr. Clark, rector of St. George's Episcopal Church of this city.

Mrs. Mary D. Whiting died on Thursday morning at "Wellborn," the residence of Col. Dulany. The Warrenton *Index* says Miss Venilia A. Fletcher, maiden-mother to the three sons of her brother Albert, died at his home on Waterloo street Thursday in full assurance of a blissful resurrection.

About twelve days ago Mr. A. W. Wallis and his wife, Mrs. Eliza Wallis, were taken ill with the grippe at their home, "Windsor Forest," in the Rock Hill neighborhood, Stafford county. The disease developed into pneumonia, which terminated fatally. Mr. Wallis died Wednesday night, in the 71st year of his age, and his wife Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock, in the 72nd year of her age. They came to this country from Canada in 1870 and located in Stafford county, where they made many friends and by their integrity and christian deportment won the esteem and confidence of the entire community. They leave three sons, Rev. Samuel Wallis, rector of the old Polish church in Fairfax county; Dr. W. J. Wallis, of Stafford; Dr. A. W. Wallis, of Pennsylvania, and one daughter, Miss Annie Wallis, of Stafford. Funeral services will be held in St. George's Church, in this city, Saturday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.—*Fredricksburg Star*.

OVERALLS and JUMPERS, made to order by measurement, at SLAYMAKERS.

GLOVES!! GLOVES!! GLOVES!! at all prices and sizes, at SLAYMAKERS.

AMERICAN CLUB SKATES for men and boys, nickel plated and plain. A nice line of these well known Skates in store, also some cheaper blades, and prices are low. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

BISSELL'S CARPET SWEEPERS are the best and prettiest. We have twelve different kinds of wood to select from, and any one of them will make a lovely Christmas gift. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

FLAT IRONS, Ladies' Scissors, Pocket and Table Cutlery in great variety. Call and see the goods and learn prices. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

POTOMAC FLOUR, unexcelled, received to \$5 per barrel, 75 cents a sack. Good Family Flour \$3.75 per barrel at J. C. MILBURN'S.

WE HAVE just received a pretty line of DRESS GINGHAMS, of styles of TIES, which we are offering at 6½c at AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

THE newest shades and styles of TIES, at SLAYMAKERS.

ROGERS BROTHERS' celebrated 1847 brand of Pated KNIVES, SPOONS and FORKS, fresh stock and prices low. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

THE "FAVORITE" or the "SUNBEAM" LAWN MOWER will cut your grass as give you the appearance of velvet. Prices from \$4.50 to \$10. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, 315 King street.

ONE DOLLAR BISQUE DOLLS at 60c at SLAYMAKERS.

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Told by a Retired Burglar.

"I spent one term in prison that never disturbed me in the least," said a retired burglar, "for the proof against me was of such a nature that there could be any possibility of mistake about it; and then distressing as it was to me, I couldn't help admiring the manner in which I was caught."

"I had found my way in a house to the principal occupied chamber, and had surveyed the room as well as I could by the dim light that was burning without using my own lamp. It was a handsomely furnished room, and it gave one a comfortable feeling just to look into it."

"I got over to the bureau and set my lamp down on top of it and got to work. The key had been left in the top drawer. That seemed a little careless but it made my work just so much easier. I turned that key as though it had been in velvet; the drawer, like the drawer in all well-constructed bureaus, opened smooth and true."

"I reached in at the right-hand corner, where people generally keep their pocket-books, and almost the first thing my hand touched was a silver purse, one of the kind that people used to carry more than they do now, wallet-shaped, opening on a hinge, with accordion-like compartments inside and shutting with a snap. This pocket book was carved or embossed on the sides, and it was beautiful, I knew, and I like pretty things, and I sort of held on to it with my hand still in the drawer at the same time running my other hand along toward the other corner. With that hand, a moment later, I picked up a slender silver bottle, and I never regretted anything so much in my life, for that bottle was the other handle of an electric battery, and I couldn't let go."

"I cried out: I couldn't help it; but that didn't do any harm, for the instant I touched the bottle a bell began to ring loud enough to wake anybody up, even if I hadn't made a sound myself. Then a man sat up in bed, turned up a light and looked at me and said: 'Hello, there!'"

"And I said, 'Hello' though it was pretty hard for me to talk. 'All this time he was getting out of bed, and when his feet touched the floor he leaned over and pulled something on the wall; of course, that was simple enough; a police signal. Then he looked over at me again."

"'Think you can stand it?' he said. 'And, of course, I said I could, though I was lying on the floor now, and had about all I could do to keep from twisting and squirming. I had the pocketbook in one hand, you understand, and the silver bottle in the other, and I could see now the wires running from them up into the bureau drawer. All this time the man was keeping on dressing. In two or three minutes more I heard somebody at the street door of the house, the police; a minute later two of them had collared me, and the man shut off the current.'"

"As I said, this thing never disturbed me in the least; but after I got out as long as I remained in active life, I made it a point never to pick up two things at once in the dark."

Alexandria Market, January 13.

There is nothing at all new to report from the wholesale markets to-day. Flour is in fair demand at current prices. Wheat is stronger one day and weak the next—while the visible supply is large the movement is small from interior points—we note sales at from 59 to 63. Corn 43 to 46. Rye 43 to 46. Oats 34 to 36 in bulk on cars. Produce of all kinds. Provisions, Milled, Hay and other stock feed are in good demand.

DIED.

At his residence, 114 North Alfred street, at 5:50 a. m. Friday, January 12, 1894, WILLIAM REMAINE, in the 75th year of his age.